



CANPOINT®

全品

高考复习方案

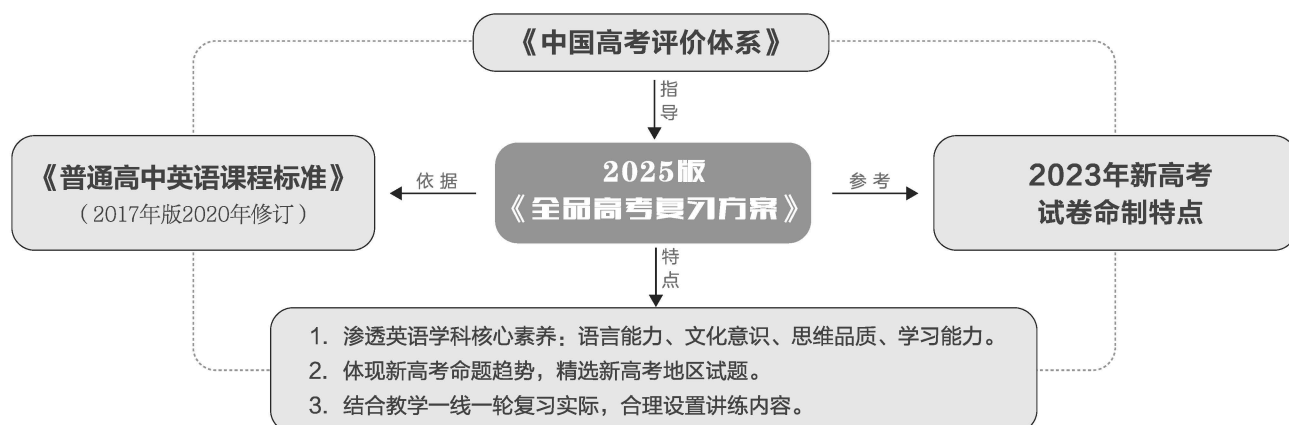
主编：肖德好

听课手册
英语
YLNJ

新教材 新高考 新一轮

英语

YAN



▼ 图书结构与特点



CONTENTS

高中英语 必修第一册

Unit 1	Back to school	001
Unit 2	Let's talk teens	009
Unit 3	Getting along with others	017
Unit 4	Looking good, feeling good	026

高中英语 必修第二册

Unit 1	Lights, camera, action!	033
Unit 2	Be sporty, be healthy	041
Unit 3	Festivals and customs	050
Unit 4	Exploring literature	057

高中英语 必修第三册

Unit 1	Nature in the balance	064
Unit 2	Natural disasters	071
Unit 3	The world online	079
Unit 4	Scientists who changed the world	087

高中英语 选择性必修第一册

Unit 1	Food matters	096
Unit 2	The universal language	102
Unit 3	The art of painting	109
Unit 4	Exploring poetry	116

高中英语 选择性必修第二册

Unit 1	The mass media	123
Unit 2	Sports culture	130
Unit 3	Fit for life	138
Unit 4	Living with technology	145

高中英语 选择性必修第三册

Unit 1	Wish you were here	152
Unit 2	Out of this world	159
Unit 3	Back to the past	167
Unit 4	Protecting our heritage sites	174

高中英语 选择性必修第四册

Unit 1	Honesty and responsibility	181
Unit 2	Understanding each other	186
Unit 3	Careers and skills	193
Unit 4	Never too old to learn	199

语法专题 词法和句法

► 专题一 复杂多变的动词

第1讲	动词的时态和语态	205
第2讲	主谓一致	209
第3讲	非谓语动词	212

► 专题二 易“变形”的名词、数词、形容词和副词

第4讲	名词和数词	220
第5讲	形容词和副词	222
第6讲	词形转换	225

► 专题三 不可小觑的小词——冠词、介词、代词

第7讲	冠词	227
第8讲	介词	230
第9讲	代词	233

► 专题四 灵活多样的句法——从句与特殊句式

第10讲	并列句和状语从句	236
第11讲	定语从句	239
第12讲	名词性从句	242
第13讲	特殊句式	245

作业手册 [单独成册 P273~P390]

参考答案(听课手册) [单独成册 P250~P272]

默写本 [单独成册 P01~P78]

参考答案(作业手册) [单独成册 P392~P430]

PART 1 应用文写作

☆第一章 应用文写作总攻略	01	考点 8 告知信	19
☆第二章 高分写作微技能		考点 9 祝贺信	20
微技能 1 词汇升级	03	考点 10 演讲致辞	22
微技能 2 句式丰富多变	05	考点 11 通知	23
微技能 3 衔接过渡自然	08	考点 12 倡议书	24
☆第三章 应用文分类讲练		考点 13 新闻报道	26
考点 1 建议信	10	考点 14 短文投稿类	27
考点 2 申请信	11	考点 15 人物介绍类	28
考点 3 邀请信	12	考点 16 叙事类	29
考点 4 求助信	14	考点 17 图画图表类	31
考点 5 感谢信	15	考点 18 热点：中国文化	32
考点 6 致歉信	17	考点 19 新高考应用文命题新思路	33
考点 7 咨询信	18		

PART 2 读后续写

☆第一章 读后续写高分总攻略	35	☆第四章 常考主题分类训练	
☆第二章 谋篇布局		主题分类篇 1 亲情感悟	60
微技能 1 解读原文梳脉络	39	主题分类篇 2 友情感悟	61
微技能 2 构建情节搭框架	43	主题分类篇 3 个人成长	62
微技能 3 增加细节，捕捉伏笔巧照应	46	主题分类篇 4 比赛收获	63
微技能 4 冲突解决得圆满	49	主题分类篇 5 救人助人	64
☆第三章 三大升级策略		主题分类篇 6 历险脱困	65
策略 1 词句升级 妙语连珠	52	主题分类篇 7 生活故事	67
策略 2 丰富细节 活灵活现	55	主题分类篇 8 人与动物	68
策略 3 高分结尾 升华主题	57		

A

abandon	105
absence	160
absorb	125
access	080
accompany	104
account for sth	189
accuse	125
acknowledge	168
adapt	035
addict	082
adjust	140
admire	022
admit	045
advance	002
affect	139
aim	004
allow for	170
amazing	002
amuse	126
announce	044
annoy	147
anticipate	194
anxious	010
apologize	019
appeal	058
apply	090
appointment	182
appreciate	082
approach	035
approve	188
argue	012

arise	139
arm in arm	183
arrange	111
as a result of	005
ashamed	182
assess	175
assign	176
assistant	162
assume	042
astonish	169
attach	034
attempt	059
aware	081

B

balance	003
ban	176
base	003
be fond of	195
belong	081
benefit	021
blame	118
bother	161
break into	148
bring out	022

C

call on sb to do sth	133
cast new light on	162
challenge	002
charge	089
circumstance	161
claim	117

combine	104
come about	126
come as no surprise	155
committed	124
compete	132
complain	133
compose	103
concentrate	027
concern	011
conclusion	124
confirm	073
confused	059
congratulation	042
consequence	066
consistent	132
consultation	175
contain	059
content	029
contrast	154
contribute	028
convenient	052
convince	168
cooperate	189
correspond	188
credit	090
crowd	021
cry out for	098
cure	036
cut back on	082

D

date back to	141
decline	112
decrease	147
defence	066
deliver	080

demand	147
depart	169
depth	153
deserve	103
design	012
desire	011
determine	058
devote oneself to(doing) sth	060
differ	124
disappointed	182
discouraged	183
dismiss	168
distance	074
distinct	153
distinguish	118
division	175
draw sth out of sth	013
due to	067

E

eager	012
effect	028
election	132
emphasis	098
employ	110
end up	029
engage	147
equal	003
equip	140
escape	020
estimate	098
exchange	004
exist	045
expand	097
expose	111

必修第一册

Unit 1	1. It + be + <i>adj.</i> + (for sb) to do sth.	005
	2. 动名词(短语)作主语	005
Unit 2	现在分词(短语)作状语	014
Unit 3	1. so/such... that...	023
	2. It is time (for sb) to do sth.	023
Unit 4	make + 宾语 + 宾语补足语	030

必修第二册

Unit 1	强调谓语	037
Unit 2	1. the first + to do sth	046
	2. 全部否定与部分否定	046
Unit 3	"否定词 + 比较级"结构	053
Unit 4	sb was/were doing... when...	060

必修第三册

Unit 1	倍数表示法	067
Unit 2	不定式(短语)作结果状语	075
Unit 3	1. "have sth done"结构	082
	2. only + 状语 + 助动词/系动词/情态动词 + 主语 + 其他	083
	3. with 复合结构	083
Unit 4	动词不定式(短语)作目的状语	092

选择性必修第一册

Unit 1	"enough + 动词不定式"结构	099
Unit 2	1. 形容词作状语	106
	2. 主语 + be + 形容词 + to do	106

Unit 3	1. seem to do	112
	2. 完全倒装句	113
Unit 4	as if 引导状语从句或表语从句	119

选择性必修第二册

Unit 1	1. leave + 宾语 + 宾语补足语	126
	2. so 引导的部分倒装句	127
Unit 2	1. by the time 引导的时间状语从句	133
	2. 关系副词引导的定语从句	134
Unit 3	not only... but also...	141
Unit 4	过去分词(短语)作定语	148

选择性必修第三册

Unit 1	1. find + 宾语 + 宾语补足语	155
	2. 独立主格结构	155
Unit 2	1. as 引导的让步状语从句	163
	2. be of + 抽象名词	163
Unit 3	不定式(短语)作定语	170
Unit 4	1. the + 比较级..., the + 比较级...	177
	2. 过去分词(短语)作状语	177

选择性必修第四册

Unit 1	not... but...	184
Unit 2	1. "疑问词 + 动词不定式"结构	189
	2. 强调句型	190
Unit 3	1. "疑问词 + ever"引导的从句	195
	2. 及物动词 + it + 宾语补足语 + 真正的宾语	196
Unit 4	1. what 引导的名词性从句	201
	2. 否定词置于句首引起的部分倒装句	201

Unit 1 Back to school

主题语境:人与自我——学校生活

佳作晨读赏析

你校英文报正在举办征文活动,主题为“Highlight of my senior year”。请你写一篇短文投稿,内容包括:

1. 高三经历;
2. 收获与感悟。

精彩美文

Highlight of my senior year

Over the past three years in senior high school, I have had many unforgettable experiences, **one of which was when our class prepared for a group singing competition.**

As a senior, **tight though our schedule was**, in a gesture to win the competition, we took it seriously and **did our utmost**. During the week before the competition, we practised singing **over and over** in our spare time. With our **joint effort**, we won first prize finally. **Hearing the exciting news**, we **were all wild with joy**.

All this reminded me of an old saying: **no pains, no gains**. Better still, **it was through the**

cooperation that the whole class developed a closer friendship!

名师点睛

1. 文章体裁:应用文——短文投稿(记事)。
2. 谋篇布局:

Paragraph 1: 难忘的经历

Paragraph 2: 具体描述过程

Paragraph 3: 收获与感悟

3. 高级词汇短语: do one's utmost (尽某人最大努力), over and over (反复地), joint effort(共同的努力), be wild with joy (欣喜若狂)等。

4. 高级句式: ①非限制性定语从句和表语从句: one of which was when our class prepared for a group singing competition; ②倒装句和让步状语从句: tight though our schedule was; ③现在分词短语作状语: hearing the exciting news; ④谚语: no pains, no gains; ⑤强调句: it was through the cooperation that the whole class developed a closer friendship 等。

课文语篇回顾

词汇默写部分见《默写本》

注意:此栏目加黑词汇为本单元单词表词汇

Senior high school is a world full of
1. _____ (challenge): a new environment, new knowledge and new ways of **thinking**. However, for those 2. _____ have a **positive** mind, **opportunity** lies in each **challenge**. When you work hard to get over the **challenges**, you will have the **opportunity**
3. _____ (acquire) great knowledge and enjoy personal growth.

Potential is your natural ability that can
4. _____ (develop) when you try hard enough. Over the next three years, you
5. _____ (discover) your

potential while you develop as a student and as a person. To fully realize your **potential**,
6. _____ is important for you to **make the most of** your school **resources**. **Take advantage of** your classes, learn from your teachers and classmates, and make use of our school **facilities**.

Of **equal** 7. _____ (important) are good study habits, useful skills and a **positive attitude**. Carefully plan your study, set clear **goals** and **balance** your schoolwork 8. _____ other activities. **Last but not least**, always look on the bright side and never lose hope, even in difficult situations.

As Lao-Tzu 9. _____ (wise) said, “A

journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step." You need to make a 10. _____

(continue) effort to train your mind and develop your **character**.

考点互动探究

单词点睛

① challenge *n.* & *vt.* 挑战; 质疑

- (1) face/meet a/the challenge 面临/迎接挑战
accept/take up a challenge 接受挑战
rise to the challenge 奋起应对挑战
(2) challenge sb to (do) sth 向某人挑战……
(3) challenging *adj.* 有挑战性的; 考验能力的

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[人教选四 U5] Volunteering is often quite _____ (challenge), but it's an extremely rewarding experience to give something back to society.

②[《呼啸山庄》] She challenged him _____ (climb) the highest peak, daring him to face his fears and conquer them.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

③[2023·新高考全国 II 卷] I once _____ to create a painting every day for a month and post the works online.

我曾经接受了一个挑战,在一个月的时间里每天创作一幅画,并将作品发布到网上。

② advance *n.* 进步,进展;前进,行进 *vt.* & *vi.* 发展;促进;进步 *adj.* 预先的,事先的

- (1) make an advance/advances in 在某方面有进步/进展
(2) in advance = ahead of time/schedule 提前
(3) advanced *adj.* 高级的;后期的;先进的

[考点多维练]——一词多义/单句填空

①[2021·新高考全国 I 卷] It is our hope that in coming decades, **advances** in science will offer new perspectives (视角) from which to study how people manage their lives. _____

②[2020·新高考全国 I 卷] She decided to go back to college to **advance** her career and to be able to better support her family while doing something she loves; nursing. _____

③It is a popular show, so **advance** booking is essential. _____

④[2022·全国乙卷] Very small drones with

_____ (advance) sensors and AI and travelling ahead of the train could guide it like a co-pilot.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

⑤[2023·浙江卷] But no matter when you travel, it's a good idea to make your reservations at least 90 days _____.

但无论什么时候旅行,至少提前 90 天预订是个好主意。(应用文写作之建议信)

③ amazing *adj.* 令人大为惊奇的,令人惊喜的

- (1) amaze *v.* 使吃惊
(2) amazed *adj.* 感到惊奇的;吃惊的
be amazed at/by/that... 对……感到惊奇
be amazed to do sth 对做某事感到惊奇
(3) amazement *n.* 惊奇
(much) to one's amazement 令某人(非常)惊奇的是
in amazement 惊讶地

[温馨提示] amazing 指“令人吃惊的”,强调某人/某事物给他人的感受;而 amazed 表示本身的感觉,并不强调对他人的影响,多指“(人)感到吃惊的”,有时也可修饰 look/expression/smile/voice 等词。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2023·新高考全国 I 卷] Xiao long bao (soup dumplings), those _____ (amaze) constructions of delicate dumpling wrappers, encasing hot, tasty soup and sweet, fresh meat, are far and away my favourite Chinese street food.

②[外研选三 U5] Visitors are often amazed _____ (find) themselves in an urban building that so truly captures the beauty of natural forms.

③[北师选四 U10] But when her eyes fell on the odd little figure in the stiff, ugly dress, with the long red hair and the eager, bright eyes, she froze in _____ (amaze).

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④Yesterday when I was walking by the sea, I _____ the breathtaking beauty of the sunset over the ocean.

昨天当我在海边散步时,我对海上令人叹为观止的日落美景感到惊讶不已。

⑤[《爱丽丝梦游仙境》] _____, the locked door swung open with a simple touch. 让他非常惊讶的是,只需轻轻一触,锁着的门就开了。(读后续写之动作描写)

④ equal *adj.* 相等的;平等的;相当的 *n.* 同等的人(物) *linking v.* 与……相等 *vt.* 比得上

- (1) be equal to (doing) sth 等于/能胜任(做)某事
(2) be without equal = have no equal 无与伦比
(3) equality *n.* 相等;平等
(4) equally *adv.* 平等地;相等地

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2022·全国乙卷] Long-lasting friendships share the characteristic that both sides _____ (equal) contact and share with one another.

②Based on _____ (equal) and mutual respect, China is willing to strengthen cooperation and mutual learning with other countries.

③I don't think Peter is equal to _____ (transport) these valuable goods, because he is not careful enough.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④Catherine also gained an important life lesson that everyone _____ no matter how special he or she was.

凯瑟琳也得到了一个重要的人生启示:每个人都应被平等地对待,无论他或她有多特别。(读后续写之人生感悟)

⑤ balance *vt.* 同等重视;(使)保持平衡;权衡重要性 *n.* 均衡,平衡;平衡能力

- (1) balance... against... 权衡/比较……和……
balance... with... 使……和……平衡
(2) keep/lose one's balance 某人保持/失去平衡
keep a balance between A and B 在A和B之间保持平衡
(3) balanced *adj.* 平衡的,均衡的,兼顾各方的

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[人教必修三 U2] After a while, a group of women came along, each _____ (balance) a pot of water on her head.

②[人教选二 U3] The ideal diet is a _____ (balance) one, without too much or too little of any one thing.

③You have to balance the advantages of studying abroad _____ the disadvantages.

④We should balance the development of economy _____ the protection of environment.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

⑤ _____, which will help you in achieving a perfect and enjoyable life. 在短期目标和长期利益之间保持平衡,这将帮助你实现完美和愉快的生活。

⑥ responsible *adj.* 有责任,负责;可靠的

- (1) be responsible for 对……负责;是造成……的原因
(2) responsibility *n.* 责任,职责,任务
take responsibility for 对……负责
It is sb's responsibility to do sth. 做某事是某人的责任。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2023·全国甲卷] She warns of the environmental dangers facing society, and she teaches that people must take _____ (responsible) for saving their environment.

②It is the parents' responsibility _____ (provide) a loving and nurturing environment for their children.

[写作步步升]——一句多译

③他负责我们的戏剧俱乐部,在他的专业指导下,我们一起排练并上演精彩的戏剧。

→He _____ our Drama Club, where we rehearse together and present marvelous plays under his professional guidance. (responsible)

→He _____ our Drama Club, where we rehearse together and present marvelous plays under his professional guidance. (responsibility)

⑦ base *vt.* 以……为基础(依据) *n.* 根据;基础;基底;总部,大本营

- (1) base... on/upon... 以……为基础/根据
be based on/upon 以……为基础,根据……
(2) basis *n.* 基础;原因;基准
on a daily/regular basis 经常地;定期地
on the basis of 在……的基础上,根据……
(3) basic *adj.* 基本的,基础的
(4) basically *adv.* 大体上;基本上;总的说来;从根本上说

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2023·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] My suggestion is to group students _____ (base) on their language abilities or to let students choose their own partners.

② _____ (basic), she explained the concept in a simple and straightforward manner.

③[外研选三 U4] The technology you're using and enjoying today is a _____ (base) form of AI which can't think independently without programming.

④ You should base your conclusion _____ careful research instead of personal experience.

⑤[《杀死一只知更鸟》] We must judge a man's character not _____ the basis of his social status, but on the content of his character.

[写作步步升]——句式升级

⑥ The novel was based on an interesting story and it was well worth reading.

→ _____, the novel was well worth reading. (分词短语作状语)

→ _____ was well worth reading. (分词短语作定语)

⑧ remind *vt.* 提醒,使想起

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| (1) remind sb (not) to do sth | 提醒某人(不)做某事 |
| remind sb about/of sth | 使某人想起某事 |
| remind sb that... | 提醒某人…… |
| (2) reminder <i>n.</i> | 引起回忆的事物,提醒人的事物;通知单 |

[温馨提示] 和“remind sb of sth”结构相似的还有: accuse sb of sth 控告某人某事; warn sb of sth 警告某人某事; convince sb of sth 使某人相信某事。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2023·全国甲卷] Those tomatoes had a taste that reminded me _____ the ones my uncle used to grow when I was a child.

②[外研选四 U4] Parents and teachers keep reminding us _____ (share) toys, snacks, books, happy memories, and sometimes even sorrows with others.

③[外研必修一 U5] From time to time I look at the photo as a _____ (remind) to show respect to all animals.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④[2021·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] To make sure that the twins could cook a Mother's Day breakfast smoothly, the father constantly _____

_____.

为了确保双胞胎能够顺利地做一顿母亲节早餐,爸爸不断提醒他们下一步该做什么。

⑤ Today, the coming-of-age ceremony in our school _____.

今天,我们学校的成人礼提醒我,我现在是一个成年人了。

⑨ aim *n.* 目的,目标 *vi. & vt.* 力争做到;目的是;针对

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| (1) aim to do sth | 目标是做某事,旨在做某事 |
| aim at doing sth | 力争做到某事 |
| be aimed at (doing) sth | 旨在(做)某事 |
| (2) take aim at... | 瞄准……;对准…… |
| with the aim of... | 目的是……,为了…… |

[温馨提示] 名词 aim 作主语时,常用动词不定式形式作表语。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2023·新高考全国Ⅱ卷] The programme aims _____ (help) students develop science skills, environmental awareness, and healthy lifestyles.

② The aim of this programme is _____ (give) graduates a solid understanding of the basic principles of advertising and marketing.

③[《小妇人》] Every word, every silence, everything a mother does is aimed _____ helping and protecting her child.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④ _____ appreciating the charm of English classics and promoting English learning, the school English Club will host the “Read Classics, Learn English” activity.

为了领略英语经典作品的魅力,促进英语学习,学校英语俱乐部将举办“读经典,学英语”活动。(应用文写作之邀请信)

⑩ exchange *n. & vt.* 交换;交流;兑换

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| (1) exchange sth with sb | 和某人交换某物,和某人交流某事 |
| exchange sth for sth | 以……换取…… |
| (2) in exchange (for) | 以换取……,作为交换 |
| an exchange student | 交换生 |

[考点多维练]——单句填空

① He exchanged some of the milk in the towns nearby _____ other food and made cheese and butter for the family with what was left.

② I would appreciate it if you could exchange seats _____ me.

③ [《鲁宾逊漂流记》] He offered his services as a guide in exchange _____ a place to stay for the night.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④ A group of _____ from the UK are visiting our school next month.

一个来自英国的交换生团体将于下个月访问我们学校。(应用文写作之通知)

短语储存

● as a result of 由于

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|
| (1) as a result = as a consequence | 结果; 因此 |
| (2) result in | 导致; 造成 |
| result from | 由……引起 |

[考点多维练]——用 result 相关短语的适当形式填空

① [2023·新高考全国Ⅱ卷] Programme evaluations show that kids eat more vegetables _____ the classes.

② [2022·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] You might think about posting what you are looking for on social media, but it probably won't _____ a useful response.

③ [人教必修二 U2] At the moment, the milu deer are still living in reserves where they are being protected and cared for. _____, their population is now recovering fast.

④ We all believed that his failure _____ not working hard enough.

句型透视

① (教材 P3) **To fully realize your potential, it is important for you to make the most of our school resources.** 为了充分发挥你的潜力, 充分利用我们的学校资源对你来说很重要。

句型公式

It + be + *adj.* + (for sb) to do sth.

【句式点拨】

(1) 在 “It + be + *adj.* + (for sb) to do sth.” 句型中, it 作形式主语, 不定式短语作真正的主语, 常用于这个句型的形容词有 easy, difficult, important, true, possible, probable, likely, certain, necessary, natural 等, 这些形容词多与事物的特征有关。

(2) 如果形容词是表示主语的品行、性格、性质等(如

nice, kind, considerate, stupid) 时, 常用介词 of。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

① [北师必修三 U9] In addition, it is important for me _____ (make) plans for the work I need to do.

② It is careless _____ him to leave out such an important detail in the report.

③ [人教必修一 U1] It's very difficult _____ young people to find a job in Europe, so I worry a lot about the future.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④ Through this activity, I've learnt that _____ and take care of us at the same time.

通过这次活动, 我了解到父母既要工作又要照顾我们并不容易。(话题写作之家庭生活)

② (教材 P11) **However, learning in English was a great challenge for me.** 然而, 用英语学习对我来说是一个巨大的挑战。

句型公式

动名词(短语)作主语

【句式点拨】

(1) 动名词(短语)作主语往往表示比较笼统的、一般的或习惯性的动作, 谓语动词用单数形式。

(2) 动名词(短语)作主语时, 有时用 it 作形式主语, 而把动名词(短语)后置, 常见结构为:

It is useless/no use/no good/a waste of time + doing sth. 做某事是无用的/没有用的/没有好处的/浪费时间的。

(3) 动名词(短语)作主语时可以有自己逻辑主语, 构成动名词的复合结构。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

① Learning English well _____ (be) challenging for him as he is an average student.

② It is no use _____ (blame) anyone, and we should do something to make up for the loss.

③ _____ (educate) children to understand the need to obey rules is widely thought to be the responsibility of parents.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④ More importantly, _____ regularly also relieves your stress, because sports can help you have a sound sleep at night.

更重要的是, 经常和你的同学一起锻炼也可以减轻你的压力, 因为运动可以帮助你在晚上睡个好觉。

① 单句填空

1. Choosing a career in medicine is a _____ (challenge) **path** that requires years of education and continuous dedication to patient care.
2. Being offered a scholarship to study abroad is an _____ (amaze) **opportunity** to broaden one's horizons and immerse oneself in a new culture.
3. In order to succeed, having knowledge and skills is important, but having a **positive attitude** is _____ (equal) crucial.
4. A successful education system should provide students with a _____ (balance) and **well-rounded** curriculum.
5. Taking care of the environment is a shared _____ (responsible) that requires the collective **effort** of every **individual**.
6. Through continuous learning and personal growth, **individuals** can **acquire** the necessary skills and knowledge to achieve financial _____ (independent).
7. They are required to save energy on a day-to-day _____ (base) by turning off the tap and electricity when necessary.
8. Through persistent **effort** and growing _____ (confident), he was able to overcome his fear of public speaking.
9. Having wandered _____ (aimless) in the street for hours, she felt a little hungry and wished for something to eat.
10. In light of the _____ (advance) technology and our team's expertise, we are equipped to provide an innovative solution to address the **challenges** faced by our clients.
11. After getting all the work done, we put up a board **reminding** people _____ (protect) the trees.
12. When I was in London, I taught Henry Chinese in **exchange** _____ his teaching me English.

② 短语检测

1. With a **positive** mindset and determination, I

_____ (期待) the new **opportunities** and possibilities that lie **ahead**.

2. Despite the **challenges**, I am determined to _____ (坚持) my **goal** of becoming a published author.

3. As teachers, we must believe that we can _____ (有影响) to the lives of our students.

4. The key to success often _____ (在于) recognizing and unlocking the **potential** within oneself.

5. First, cycling is much cheaper than driving a car; second, it is good for our health; _____ (最后但同样重要的), it is environmentally friendly.

6. In order to stay fit and healthy, it's important to _____ (充分利用) the fitness **facilities** available at the gym.

7. Profits have declined _____ (由于) the recent drop in sales.

8. Customs play a significant role in festivals, but sometimes they can change _____ (随着时间流逝).

③ 重点句型

1. English is an international language, so it is _____.

英语是一门国际性的语言,所以我们有必要学习它。

2. The preparations behind the scenes are of _____ to the success of the film.

幕后的准备工作对电影的成功同样重要。

3. When I walked into his room, I _____.

当我走进他的房间时,我发现他正在读一本小说。

4. _____ is crucial for students to maintain a healthy and **well-rounded** student life.

平衡学习和休闲活动对学生保持健康和全面的学生生活至关重要。

5. My hometown changed _____ I could hardly recognize it.

我的故乡变化如此之大,以至于我几乎认不出来了。

① 动词变形练

- At last, his years of hard work paid off and he _____ (admit) to Peking University.
- He wrote a letter to me, _____ (admit) that he had misunderstood me.
- He was beginning to get very _____ (annoy) with me about my carelessness.
- The man _____ (apply) for the post of a signalman on the railway, but was turned down as he was colour-blind.
- Some learning difficulties _____ (arise) from the way children were taught at school.
- Problems _____ (arise) over plans to build a new supermarket here since last year.
- It was midday when she _____ (awake).
- They signed agreements _____ (ban) the use of chemical weapons.

② 构词法规则

构词法 前缀 en-表示“使”、“使成为”、“使做……”。

指出下列黑体词的含义。

- [2023·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] *Xiao long bao* (soup dumplings), those amazing constructions of delicate dumpling wrappers **encasing** hot, tasty soup and sweet, fresh meat, are far and away my favourite Chinese street food. _____
- It is Anne that **enlightens** Helen's mind and brings a broad world to her. _____
- "Her name is Gracie," my husband said, reading a sign by the fence that **enclosed** the pool. _____
- [2023·北京卷] Nevertheless, not much will change until schools with high-quality teaching are rewarded with more resources, higher rankings and increased **enrolments**. _____
- Sunzi was a general, military strategist and thinker in the Spring and Autumn Period, whose ingenious military strategies were recorded in a book **entitled** *Sunzi Bingfa*. _____

③ 熟词生义练/一词多义练

众所周知,初、高中英语教材中的单词清单所给出的只是每个单词最基本的意思,即“熟义”。然而,教材“熟词”在高考文章中却产生了“生义”或“多义”,这便是我们常说的“熟词生义”或“一词多义”

现象。

指出下列黑体词在句中的不同含义。

1. absent

- [2022·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] His usual big toothy smile was **absent** today. _____
- When I spoke to him, he looked at me in an **absent** way and didn't answer. _____

2. absorb

- [2023·新高考全国Ⅱ卷] Adults are portrayed alone in many settings and poses—**absorbed** in a volume, deep in thought or lost in a moment of leisure. _____
- In cold climates, houses need to have walls that will **absorb** heat. _____
- It is easier to buy books than to read them, and easier to read them than to **absorb** them. _____

3. access

- [2021·全国甲卷] We **accessed** the wall through the South Gate. _____
- The emergency exit provides a safe **access** for people during a fire. _____
- This volunteer activity offers students valuable **access** to industry professionals. _____
- The programme would create a system to help parents easily **access** mental health services for their children. _____

4. accommodate

- [2021·全国乙卷] However, that was small fry compared with the city's Circus Maximus, which **accommodated** around 250,000 people. _____
- They find it hard to **accommodate** themselves to the new working conditions in the beginning. _____

5. act

- [2023·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] Each chapter concludes with a collection of practices, which are designed to help you **act** on the big ideas of the chapter. _____
- [2023·全国甲卷] In 1975, grizzlies were listed under the Endangered Species **Act**. _____
- [2023·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] As for Bailey, she is more confused about why her **act** is considered a big deal. _____
- It takes a couple of minutes for the drug to **act**. _____

6. address

①[2023·北京卷] She called for action to **address** the struggles of people around the world facing “too little water or too dirty water”. _____

②[2022·全国乙卷] The chairman of the China Culture Promotion Society **addressed** the opening ceremony. _____

③ I gave in to curiosity and opened the letter **addressed** to him. _____

7. admission

① By his own **admission**, he has achieved little since he took over the company. _____

② There's a notice outside the building that says “No **admission** before twelve noon”. _____

③ How much do they charge for **admission**? _____

8. admit

①[2021·全国甲卷] “I have matured and I **admit** responsibility for my actions,” he said in the letter. _____

② The narrow windows **admit** little light into the room. _____

③ The hospital **admitted** the patient immediately upon arrival due to the severity of his condition. _____

9. affect

① The heartfelt speech delivered by the activist **affected** the audience, inspiring them to take action. _____

② These viruses **affect** children and are highly infectious. _____

写作素养提升

1. 情感细节描写——高兴与兴奋

【语言素材】

开心的	delighted	令某人开心的是	to one's delight/joy/excitement
开心的;满意的	pleased	高兴地跳起舞来/跳起来	dance/jump for/with joy
非常兴奋的	thrilled	情绪高涨	in high/cheerful spirits
高兴的	cheerful/joyful	欣喜若狂	be wild with joy/delight/happiness
狂喜的	overjoyed	高兴得无法形容	delighted/pleased beyond description
激动(地)	with excitement/excitedly	非常高兴	be seized by joy/be overcome with happiness
无法抑制内心的激动	can't contain one's excitement	脸上带着灿烂的微笑	with a bright smile on sb's face/wear a bright smile/smile brightly

【跟踪演练】

① 单句表达

1. _____, I gave a jump in the air and then **skipped** into the supermarket along with my smiling mother.

又高兴又激动,我蹦跶了一下,然后蹦蹦跳跳地跟着我微笑着的妈妈进了超市。

2. Sarah _____ as she opened the gift and discovered a plane ticket to her dream destination.

当萨拉打开礼物,发现一张去自己梦想中的目的地的机票时,她无法抑制自己的兴奋。

3. Her hands were **trembling** _____ as she opened the box.

当她打开盒子时,她的手激动地发抖。

4. After Steve learned this satisfactory result, _____ **swept over/flooded over/crowded in on** him.

史蒂夫听到这个令人满意的结果后,一种喜悦和幸福的感觉涌上心头。

5. I was _____, hardly able to believe in my good fortune.

我高兴得无法形容,几乎无法相信我的好运。

II 语段表达

Summer vacation was coming. Jack and his brother Berlin 1. _____ (兴奋不已) as they thought of visiting their grandparents again. The big day came at last. After the happy family got ready, they **set out for the grandparents' eagerly**. On the way, the brothers 2. _____ (兴奋地谈论着) the fun they had with Grandparents. A little blue house with a tall white chimney finally appeared. **Behind the**

property was the forest carrying their good memories with Grandpa. They arrived at the driveway, at the end of which Grandma 3. _____ (高兴地等着他们). Jack and Berlin each **gave Grandma a big hug** and then swept to the living room, **shouting excitedly** "Grandpa, we are back!" Seeing his grandsons, Grandpa 4. _____ (非常高兴).

Unit 2 Let's talk teens

主题语境:人与自我——家庭生活

佳作晨读赏析

[2023·全国乙卷] 学校英文报组织同学们分享自己在假期中学到的新技能,请你以此为主题写一篇短文投稿。内容包括:

1. 简要描述;
2. 体验和感受。

精彩美文

Learn a new skill

During the summer vacation, I decided to try something new and **stepped into** the world of basketball. **Little did I know that this journey would be so meaningful for me.**

At first, I felt a little **awkward when facing others on the court**. Afterwards, **with each practice and game**, however, my confidence grew. I have learned the basic skills, and **embraced every challenge**. In many ways, **it was basketball that taught me the importance of discipline, teamwork, and perseverance**. The joy and satisfaction of making a perfect shot or a crucial play are **beyond words**.

Anyway, since this summer, basketball has become **more than** just a hobby for me—it has become part of my life.

名师点睛

1. 文章体裁:应用文——短文投稿。
2. 谋篇布局:

Paragraph 1: 新技能介绍

Paragraph 2: 写作要点(简要描述+体验感受)

Paragraph 3: 总结

3. 高级词汇短语: step into(进入), awkward(笨拙的), embrace every challenge(接受每一个挑战), discipline(纪律), perseverance(不屈不挠), beyond words(溢于言表), more than(不仅仅)等。
4. 高级句式:①倒装句: little did I know that this journey would be so meaningful for me; ②状语从句的省略: when facing others on the court; ③介词短语作状语: with each practice and game; ④强调句: it was basketball that taught me the importance of discipline, teamwork, and perseverance 等。

课文语篇回顾

词汇默写部分见《默写本》

Heated **arguments** and cold silences are common between **teenagers** and their parents.

Teenagers' physical changes may result 1. _____ such family **tensions**. You may worry about your changing voice, weight problems or spots. When it all gets too much, your parents are often the first **targets** of your 2. _____ (angry). It can be a big headache to balance your

3. _____ (develop) **mental** needs too. You feel ready to be more responsible and make decisions on your own. 4. _____ (unfortunate), your parents do not always agree and that makes you feel 5. _____ (happy). It can be difficult when your parents treat you like a child 6. _____ expect you to act like an **adult**. All of this can lead to a **breakdown** in your relationship.

However, you can take action to improve the situation. The key to 7. _____ (keep) the peace is **regular** and honest communication. When you disagree with your parents, take a minute 8. _____ (calm) down and try to understand the situation **from their point of view**.

All in all, just remember that 9. _____

is completely **normal** to **struggle** with the **stress** that parent-child **tensions** create, and that you and your parents can work together to improve your relationship. Everything 10. _____ (turn) out all right in the end, and the changes and challenges of your teenage years will prepare you for adulthood.

考点互动探究

单词点睛

① **anxious** *adj.* 忧虑的,担心的;令人焦虑的;渴望的

(1) be anxious about sth/for sb

为……担心/忧虑

be anxious for sth

渴望得到……

be anxious to do sth

渴望/急于做某事

(2) anxiously *adv.*

焦急地,忧虑地,
渴望地

(3) anxiety *n.*

焦虑,忧虑,担心

with anxiety = anxiously

焦虑地,担心地

[温馨提示] be anxious for/to do ... 表示“渴望得到……;渴望/急于做某事”,表达此含义的短语还有 be eager for/to do, desire to do, long for/to do, be greedy for, be hungry for, be dying for/to do, be thirsty for, be keen on doing/to do 等。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[外研选一 U2] The following morning, I should again greet the dawn, anxious _____ (discover) new delights, new revelations of beauty.

②Watching him climb up the cliff, everybody was breathless with _____ (anxious).

③[《了不起的盖茨比》] Gatsby walked _____ (anxious) up and down his dock, his heart pounding with anticipation.

④We are all anxious _____ his health, for he has been ill for a long time.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

⑤She _____ the result of her job interview, as it could determine the future of her career.

她渴望得到工作面试的结果,因为这可能决定她职业生涯的未来。(读后续写之情感描写)

斑点;污渍;地点,场所 *vt.* 看见;注意到;发现

(1) on the spot

当场;立即;在现场

put sb on the spot

(提出问题)使某人尴尬

(2) spot sb doing sth

发现某人正在做某事

be spotted with sth

满是……斑点

[温馨提示] spot 用作动词,意为“发现,注意到”。spot 作“地点,场所”讲,用作定语从句的先行词时,从句若缺少状语则用 where 引导定语从句,从句若缺少主语或宾语则用 that/which 引导定语从句。

[考点多维练]——一词多义/单句填空

①I was on the **spot** when the car accident happened and had to provide a statement to the police.

②[2022·新高考全国 I 卷] I looked around and finally **spotted** David, who was standing by himself off to the side by a fence.

③Some of the **spots** on your trousers are hard to remove.

④[2020·全国新高考 II 卷] When Jim Grant spotted black smoke _____ (come) out of a building on his way to work, he stopped his car to call 911.

⑤The photographer asked the model to stand in a spot _____ the lighting was perfect.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

⑥[外研选一 U1] Once, having been invited to dinner at a university, he _____ when the president suddenly asked him to give a speech.

有一次,他被邀请到一所大学吃饭,校长突然请他发表演讲,他感到很尴尬。

⑦We lay on the grass, staring at the night sky _____.

我们躺在草地上,凝视着布满闪烁星星的夜空。(读后续写之动作描写)

③ desire *n.* & *vt.* 渴望, 希望

(1) have a desire to do sth	渴望做某事
have a desire for sth	渴望得到某物
(2) desire sth	渴望某事/物
desire to do sth	渴望做某事
desire sb to do sth	渴望某人做某事
desire that... (should) do...	渴望……

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2022·北京卷] His presentation not only awed and inspired me, but also helped emerge an inner desire _____ (make) a difference in the world.

②We desire that immediate help _____ (give) to the local villagers who have been trapped by the flood.

③She desires her children _____ (pursue) their passions and follow their dreams.

[写作步步升]——一句多译

④我们都渴望健康和幸福,这是每个人的愿望。

→We all _____, which is everyone's wish. (desire *v.*)

→We all _____, which is everyone's wish. (desire *n.*)

④ struggle *vi.* & *n.* 奋斗; 斗争; 搏斗

struggle for	为……而奋斗
struggle against/with	与……做斗争
struggle to do sth	努力做某事
struggle to one's feet	挣扎着站起来

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2020·全国新高考Ⅱ卷] Many of their families were struggling _____ (make) ends meet.

②[《蜜蜂的秘密生活》] She struggled _____ her own weaknesses, pushing herself to the limit and surpassing her own expectations.

③[人教选一 U1] However, his influence is not based on his time in office, but on his continuous struggle _____ a better society and his concern for all Chinese people.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④Though he was badly wounded, he _____ and went on running.

虽然他伤得很重,但他挣扎着站起来继续跑。(读后续写之动作描写)

⑤ **view** *n.* 观点, 见解, 看法; 视线, 视野; 景色, 风景 *vt.* 把……视为; 观看

(1) come into view	映入眼帘; 进入视野
in view of	鉴于; 考虑到
have a good view of	清楚地看到……; 饱览……
from one's point of view = in one's view	依某人之见, 在某人看来
broaden one's view	开阔某人的视野
(2) view... as...	把……看作……
(3) viewer <i>n.</i>	(尤指电视) 观众

[考点多维练]——一词多义

①[2023·新高考全国Ⅱ卷] From a 21st-century point of **view**, the printed book is certainly ancient, but it remains as interactive as any battery-powered e-reader.

②[2023·新高考全国Ⅰ卷] You can **view** these practices as a toolbox meant to aid your efforts to build a minimalist lifestyle that works for your particular circumstances.

③[外研必修一 U5] When I finally stepped out of the trees, the **view** was breathtaking.

④The cloud lifted, and the tops of the mountains suddenly came into **view**.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

⑤If you climb to the top of the hill, you can _____.

如果你爬上山顶,你可以饱览整个城市。

⑥If we go on a trip abroad, we can _____ and gain knowledge we cannot get from books.

如果我们去国外旅行,我们可以开阔视野,并获得我们从书本中学不到的知识。(话题写作之旅行与交通)

⑥ concern *n.* 忧虑, 担心 *vt.* (使)担忧; 涉及; 关系到

(1) show/express one's concern about/for	对……表示关心/担心
(2) concerned <i>adj.</i>	关切的; 担心的
be concerned about/for = be worried/anxious about	对……感到担心
(3) be concerned with	与……有关/涉及
as far as... be concerned	就……而言
(4) concerning <i>prep.</i>	关于

[温馨提示] concern 作名词讲时,可以抽象名词具体化, a concern 表示“一件令人担忧的事情”。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①_____ (concern) about his sick wife, he hurried home immediately after the meeting.

②A lecture _____ (concern) relieving study pressure is scheduled to be held at the school auditorium from 3:00 pm to 5:00 pm this Friday.

③The doctor showed deep concern _____ the patients' health and took every measure to ensure their recovery.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④[2020·浙江卷]Therefore, I am writing to you to _____.
因此,我写信给你是为了对你的健康表示关心。

⑤_____, traditional Chinese festivals are not only celebrations but also opportunities to honour ancestors and carry forward cultural traditions.

依我看,中国的传统节日不仅是庆祝活动,也是纪念祖先和弘扬传统文化的机会。(话题写作之传统文化)

⑦ argue *vi.* 争吵,争辩,争论 *vt.* 说理,论证

(1)argue with sb about/over sth

与某人争论某事

argue for/against...

支持……;赞同……/反对……;不赞同……

argue sb into/out of doing sth

说服某人做/不做某事

(2)argument *n.*

争论,争辩;论点

It is beyond argument that...

……是无可争辩的,

……是毋庸置疑的

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①When this happens, the important thing is to try not to let a calm discussion turn into a heated _____ (argue).

②[人教选二 U3] Put more simply, while people continue to argue _____ whether or not fatty food is dangerous, we already know that sugar is a killer.

③The local people strongly argued _____ the construction of a new chemical factory, emphasizing the environmental damage it would cause.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④We tried many ways _____ our advice, but in vain.

我们尝试了很多办法劝说他接受我们的建议,但都没有用。

⑤_____ exercise and a balanced diet are key to maintaining good health.

毋庸置疑,锻炼和均衡饮食是保持良好的健康的关键。(话题写作之饮食与健康)

⑧ design *vt.* 设计;制订 *n.* 设计;设计艺术

(1)be designed for

为……而设计

be designed to do sth

目的是/旨在做某事

(2)by design = on purpose

故意地,蓄意地

(3)designer *n.*

设计师

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2023·全国乙卷] The remarkable development of this city, which is consciously designed _____ (protect) the past while stepping into the modern world, means there is always something new to discover here.

②[人教选一 U2] I found my career as an AI _____ (design) through a social media network.

③This project _____ (design) to help landless people just didn't work out as planned.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④I think this course _____ beginners like you, which focuses on listening and speaking practice.

我认为本课程是专门为像你这样的初学者设计的,重点放在听和说的练习上。(应用文写作之建议信)

⑤Whether _____ or by accident, his timing was perfect.

不管是计划好的还是巧合,他对时机的把握堪称完美。

⑨ eager *adj.* 热切的,渴望的,渴求的

(1)be eager for sth

渴望得到某物

be eager to do sth

渴望做某事

(2)eagerness *n.*

热切,渴望

in one's eagerness to do sth

渴望做某事

with eagerness = eagerly

热情地,急切地

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①[2023·新高考全国Ⅱ卷] Though some are initially scared of the insects and turned off by the dirt, most are eager _____ (try) something new.

②[外研必修一 U1] I woke up early and rushed out of the door in my _____ (eager) to get to know my new school.

③[《小妇人》] The young girl was eager _____ knowledge, always seeking to learn something new.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④Picturing my family waiting for my performance

_____, I worked day and night as busy as a bee for fear that I would make a fool of myself on live TV.

想象着我的家人热切地等待我的表演,我夜以继日地忙碌着,担心我会在电视直播中出丑。

⑩ figure *v.* 认定,认为 *n.* 数字;身材;人物,人士;人影;雕像,塑像

(1) a leading/central figure 重要人物

keep one's figure 保持身材

(2) figure out 想出;解决;计算出;
弄明白

[考点多维练]——一词多义

①[2023·新高考全国I卷] With the right combination of animals and plants, he **figured**, maybe he could clean up waste the way nature did.

②[2022·全国乙卷] Drinks now contain 45 million fewer kilos of sugar as a result of manufacturers' efforts to avoid the charge, according to Treasury **figures**.

③[2020·天津卷] She realized she looked like a child, with her tiny **figure**.

④[2020·天津卷] Making a full-length clay(黏土) **figure** would not exhaust my strength—and that is what I intend to do!

⑤[北师选一U2] She has been a volleyball star for more than thirty-five years and has contributed greatly to the sport, which has made her the most popular **figure** in China's volleyball history.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

⑥And even if I _____, I was sure I'd stumble over my words when speaking aloud!

即使我想好了该说什么,我也确信在大声说话时我会结结巴巴的!

短语储存

① see eye to eye with sb (on sth) (在某事上)与某人看法一致

have an eye for sth 对……有鉴赏力(或识别力、眼力)

in sb's eyes 按某人的意见;在某人眼里;依某人看

keep an eye on sb/sth 照看;留神;留意

look sb in the eye(s) (坦然或问心无愧地)直

turn a blind eye (to sth) 视某人,正视某人
(对某事)佯装不见,
睁一只眼闭一只眼

before/in front of sb's (very) eyes
当着某人的面;就
在某人的眼皮底下

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①It is hardly possible for young people to see eye to eye _____ their parents on some points.

②I'll ask Mary to pick a new dining table for me because she has an eye _____ nice furniture.

③Don't turn a blind eye _____ matters that concern the people's welfare.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④_____, I learnt a life lesson: if life becomes hard, soften it with random acts of kindness.

从他眼中坚定的神情中,我学到了一个人生真谛:如果生活变得艰难,用随意的善举软化它。

⑤After wheeling my grandpa to the court, we began the special game. While playing, I _____ Grandpa, waiting for something deep down.

把我的爷爷推到球场后,我们开始了这场特殊的比赛。玩的时候,我留意着爷爷,在内心深处等待着什么。(读后续写之动作描写和情感描写)

⑥He _____ and said something that touched my heart deeply.

他直视着我的眼睛,说了些话,深深地打动了我的心。(读后续写之动作描写)

② draw sth out of sth 提取,支取

draw on/upon 凭借;利用;动用

draw near (时间、空间的)临近

draw sth from sb/sth 从……中得到/获得……

draw up (车辆)到达某处停下,停止;拟订,制订,起草

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①We shall draw _____ historical experience and try to avoid future mistakes.

②What kind of conclusion can you draw _____ the research?

③The boss asked me to draw _____ our new plan in the light of the experience of other factories.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

④As seven o'clock _____, I confidently placed this wonderful poem of mine beside my father's plate on the dining-room table, waiting for him to appreciate it. (draw)

临近七点钟时,我满怀信心地把我的这首美妙的诗放在餐桌上父亲的盘子旁边,等着他欣赏它。(读后续写之动作描写)

⑤He decided to _____ to buy a house. (draw)
他决定把他所有的钱从银行里取出来买房子。

句型透视

● (教材 P16) **You may feel anxious that you are developing at a different rate to your friends, shooting up in height or getting left far behind.** 你可能会感到焦虑,因为你的成长速度与你的朋友不一样,你在快速长高,或者身高远远落后。

句型公式

现在分词(短语)作状语

【句式点拨】

(1)现在分词在句中作状语,可表示时间、条件、原因、结果、方式或伴随,其逻辑主语必须与句子的主语保持一致;

(2)现在分词的一般式(doing)表示的动作与谓语动词表示的动作同时发生或几乎同时发生,完成式(having done)表示的动作发生在谓语动词之前;

(3)现在分词的主动语态形式表示的动作和句子主语之间为主动关系,被动语态形式(being done)表示的动作和句子主语之间为被动关系。

[考点多维练]——单句填空

①_____ (visit) Paris several times over the last 8 years, I fell in love with its charming beauty and diverse culture.

②_____ (cover) an area of over 500 square kilometres, the national park is known for its diverse wildlife.

③Facial recognition technology is working well at tourist attractions around China, _____ (reduce) the time people spend standing in line at entries or security checks.

④_____ (station) overseas, soldiers have a valuable chance to practise the skills.

[写作步步升]——完成句子

⑤[2022·新高考全国I卷] _____, David turned to me tremblingly with tears spilling out of his eyes and expressed he had made a firm decision to finish the cross-country run.

听到我的话,戴维颤抖地转向我,泪水从他的眼中溢出,表示他已经下定决心完成越野跑。(读后续写之情感描写)

当堂过关检测

① 单句填空

1. It is beyond _____ (argue) that **teenagers** experience significant emotional, **mental** and physical changes during adolescence.

2. Rachel, who had a whole barrel of unique ideas, wanted to be a fashion _____ (design) when growing up.

3. The **experts** all agreed that his _____ (perform) didn't really come up to his usual high standard.

4. I tried to compose him but obviously he couldn't contain his _____ (angry) any more.

5. Despite the hardships he faced, the **adult** remained _____ (mental) strong,

constantly seeking personal growth and self-improvement opportunities.

6. The young man, who was **eager** _____ (learn) and grow, enthusiastically pursued educational opportunities and actively participated in extra-curricular activities.

7. Red roses _____ (view) as the symbol of love by most people.

8. The old man waited _____ (anxious) in line at the **grocery** store, worried that he might not have enough cash to pay for these items.

9. It is **normal** to feel **anxious** before the interview because it is a _____ (stress) experience for everyone.

10. Everyone **desires** _____ (succeed) while success only belongs to the hard-working people.

11. It is very **likely** that the man will make a full recovery soon after the _____ (operate).

12. You really put me _____ the **spot** by asking me to apologize before so many people.

II 短语检测

1. A group of **volunteers** came together to _____ (使我变得高兴) during a difficult time, offering their support and uplifting spirits.

2. You had better _____ (把整个事情考虑清楚) before you give me your final decision.

3. After receiving the shocking news, she **struggled** to _____ (冷静下来), taking deep breaths.

4. _____ (从我的观点出发), this book is much better than the one you bought last week.

5. Though we don't _____ (彼此看法一致) on many things, I respect him very much.

6. Anna and Jim have been quarrelling for a long time, and neither of them want to _____ (让步).

7. She went to the ATM to _____ (从……中支取钱) her bank account before heading to the mall for shopping.

8. He _____ (快速长高) when he was in

high school and became the tallest boy in his class.

9. I couldn't _____ (想出) how she managed to keep her **figure**. She told me she **figured** that exercise was the best way to lose weight.

10. With various methods of payment emerging, what many people _____ (更关心) is whether their e-wallets are safe enough compared with cash or credit cards.

III 重点句型

1. He is very nervous and _____ to cool down.

他很紧张,似乎需要时间冷静下来。

2. _____ you will meet people who are interested in or skilled at English there and you can make friends with them. (likely)

你可能会在那里遇到对英语感兴趣或精通英语的人,你可以和他们交朋友。

3. _____, I am familiar with every plot of it.

这本小说我已经读了两遍,所以我对它的每一个情节都很熟悉。

4. _____ can have a huge impact on reducing the spread of diseases.

用香皂洗手能有效减少疾病的传播。

5. _____, there is an incredible theme park that will appeal to you.

无论你喜欢哪一个、喜欢什么,总会有一个妙不可言的主题公园吸引你。

语言素养提升

I 动词变形练

1. She _____ (ban) from athletics for two years after failing a drug test.

2. The letter _____ (bear) no signature, which puzzled her.

3. Although he _____ (beat) in his first race, I was thrilled with his performance.

4. Slowly my eyes _____ (become) accustomed to the darkness and soon I fell asleep.

5. Suddenly, she _____ (begin) to feel a sense of panic when the fire broke out.

6. No sooner had the performance _____

(begin) than the lights went out, leaving the audience in the dark.

7. Before _____ (begin) to do our homework, we had listened to the radio for half an hour.

II 构词法规则

构词法	前缀 dis-表示“否定”、“相反”;dis-还有“分开,分离”的意思。
-----	--------------------------------------

指出下列黑体词的含义。

1. [2023·新高考全国I卷改编] The author's attitude towards Navajas' studies is **dismissive**.

2. [2021·全国乙卷] On her day of **discharge**, we shared in her delight at her recovery. _____
3. [2020·全国新高考 I 卷] Follow all rules carefully to prevent **disqualification**. _____
4. [2020·天津卷] We will probably have to force ourselves to waken our curiosity and **discontent** and keep them awake. _____
5. [2022·全国甲卷] I was unwilling to talk with him and often **disobeyed** his rule of not staying out with my friends too late. _____

III 熟词生义练/一词多义练

指出下列黑体词在句中的不同含义。

1. against

- ①[2021·全国甲卷] I came across a small clearing and immediately noticed the dead yellow grasses set **against** the fresh snow. _____
- ②The last part of the course was hard because I was running **against** the wind. _____
- ③The waves crashed **against** the rocks with tremendous force. _____
- ④She leaned her head **against** the window and closed her eyes. _____
- ⑤He voiced his strong opinions **against** animal cruelty in a public speech. _____

2. air

- ①She had an **air** of confidence. _____
- ②The television interview will be **aired** to all parts of the country. _____
- ③Leave the windows open to let the room **air** a bit. _____

3. appetite

- ①He suffered from headaches and loss of **appetite**. _____
- ②She has an amazing **appetite** for knowledge. _____

4. approach

- ①[2023·浙江卷] InSPIRE is investigating practical **approaches** to “low-impact” solar development, which focuses on establishing and operating solar farms in a way that is kinder to the land. _____
- ②[2021·天津卷] Human qualities also involve how you think, how you **approach** problems, and how you break them down. _____
- ③If you look out of the window on the left, you'll see that we're now **approaching** the Eiffel Tower. _____

5. average

- ①[2023·新高考全国 I 卷] The **averages** from these groups were more accurate than those from an equal number of independent individuals. _____
- ②[2023·全国乙卷] The Chinese coach transformed Douglas into one of the best gymnasts in the world, helping her skyrocket from an **average** member of the national team to the top of the sport. _____

6. back

- ①[2023·全国乙卷] Several studies have **backed** this up and found that indoor plants can improve creativity, focus and memory. _____
- ②Ann gave up driving when she **backed** the car into the garage door. _____

7. badly

- ①They were taking a **badly** damaged boat from the Virgin Islands to Miami to have it repaired. _____
- ②The house was considerably out of repair and **badly** in need of painting. _____

8. balloon

- [2023·新高考全国 II 卷] As cities **balloon** with growth, access to nature for people living in urban areas is becoming harder to find. _____

写作素养提升

2. 情感细节描写——焦虑、担忧与紧张

【语言素材】

焦虑的;忧虑的	anxious	焦急地/不安地	with anxiety/uneasiness
难过的;沮丧的	upset	关心	be concerned about/care about
担心的;不安的	uneasy/restless	为……而担忧/忧虑	be worried about